

Section 2 (STAT 171)

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1. Review

Let $\{X_n\}$ be a Markov chain with transition probability \mathbf{P} and initial distribution α

- Markov Property: $P(X_{n+1} = x_{n+1} \mid X_0 = x_0, \dots, X_n = x_n) = P(X_{n+1} = x_{n+1} \mid X_n = x_n)$, i.e., given the present, the future is independent of the past.
- Stochastic/One-step Transition/markov Matrix: \mathbf{P} s.t. (1) $P_{ij} \geq 0, \forall i, j$ and (2) $\sum_j P_{ij} = 1$
- Denote n-step transition matrix by \mathbf{P}^n , then $\mathbf{P}^n = (\mathbf{P})^n$, where \mathbf{P} is the one-step transition matrix.
- Distribution of X_n is $\alpha \mathbf{P}^n$
- Limiting distribution (if limit exists): $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P_{ij}^n = \lambda_j$
- Stationary distribution: $\pi = \pi \mathbf{P}$

2. Exercises

2.1 Problem 1

A component of a computer has an active life, measured in discrete units, that is a random variable T where $P(T = k) = a_k$ for $k = 1, 2, \dots$. Suppose one starts with a fresh component and each component is replaced by a new component upon failure. Let X_n be the age of the component in service at time n .

1. Let $p_i = P(X_{n+1} = i + 1 \mid X_n = i)$ and $q_i = P(X_{n+1} = 0 \mid X_n = i)$ for all n . Write down the stochastic matrix of $\{X_n\}$.
2. Solve p_i, q_i in terms of a_i .

2.2 Problem 2

Prove that every stochastic process $\{X(t); t = 0, 1, \dots\}$ with independent increments is a Markov process. Feel free to assume $X_0 = x_0$ is a constant.

Hint: (Definition of Independent Increments) For $0 \leq t_1 < t_2 < \dots < t_k < t < s$, $(X_{t_2} - X_{t_1}, X_{t_3} - X_{t_2}, \dots, X_s - X_t)$ are collectively independent.

2.3 Problem 3

Consider a Markov chain with transition matrix

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.4 & 0.6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.6 & 0.4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.5 & 0.5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.2 & 0.8 \end{pmatrix}$$

1. States i and j communicate if i is accessible from j and j is accessible from i . Find all its communication classes.
2. Given

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathbf{P}^n = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{2}{7} & \frac{5}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{2}{7} & \frac{5}{7} \end{pmatrix}$$

Does the Markov chain have a limiting distribution? Why?

3. Find all of its stationary distributions.